English lesson #10 (10/05/2022)

【article】  
Title: “How does Northern Ireland's power-sharing government work?”

<https://www.bbc.com/news/uk-northern-ireland-57583168>

【summary】

Sinn Féin party has become the largest party in the Northern Ireland Assembly elections.

(Sinn Féin party belongs the nationalist community and supports unification with the Republic of Ireland.)

It means that a reversal of power between the nationalist and the unionists will occur.

DUP (Democratic Unionist Party) had been the largest party since 2007 until now.

(DUP belongs the unionists and wants Northern Ireland to remain part of the UK.)

【my comments】

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【unknown words：Japanese translation】

assembly election：議員選挙

principle：原則

vested：既得の

vested interest (in)：既得権

constituency：選挙区

single transferable vote (STV)：単記移譲式投票

deputy：副の

vice versa：逆もまた同様

be in office：役職につく

cabinet：内閣

non-aligned：非同盟の、無党派

appoint as~：~として任命する

exercise one's power：権力を振るう

predominantly：主に

peace talks：和平会談

culminate in ~：ついに～となる

endorse：支持する

referendum：国民投票

endure：耐える、我慢する

suspend：停止する、延期する

a number of times：何度も

ruling party：与党

resign：辞任する

in protest：～に抗議して

Brexit：イギリスのEU離脱

aligned with：～と提携する、～に足並みを揃える

perceive：気づく

street protest：街頭講義

stand to：～する立場にある

nominate：指名する

【Questions】

Q1：